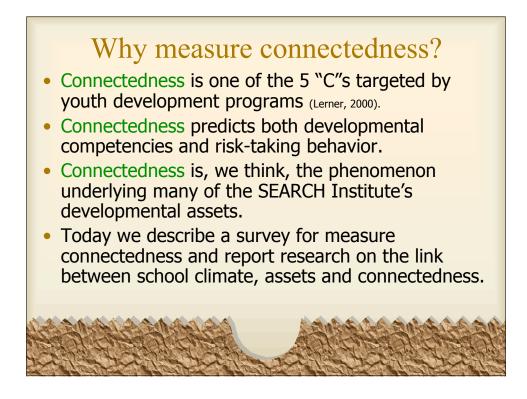


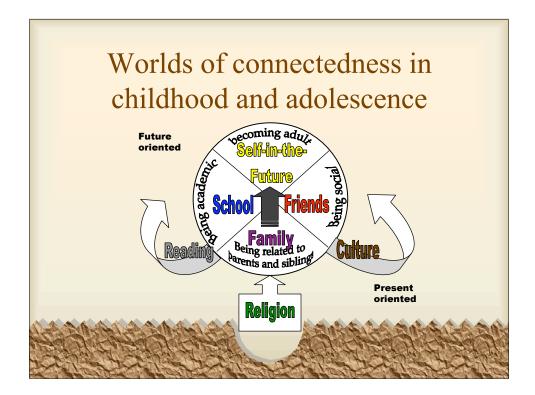
Connectedness reflects the disposition to care for and become involved with others. In the adolescent literature, connectedness has been found to predict risk-taking, psychopathology, and various dimensions of psychological health and development, as well as extracurricular involvement and community service.

et, no validated measures of connectedness are available.

Developmental Assets Predictable from the Connectedness to School scales School Connectedness: Corresponding Asset: Does not have Does School Connectedness: Corresponding Asset: Does not have Does School Connectedness: 24 Bonding to School (5) 32 37 (72%)

| | School: Involved in and feels positively towards school | 24. Bonding to School (5) | 3.2 | 3.7 (72%) | | |
|----|---|---------------------------|-----|-----------|--|--|
| | Teachers: Cares for, wants the respect of, works to gain trust of | 14. Adult Role Models | 3.5 | 3.7 (83%) | | |
| | Reading: Reads regularly, independently, and for fun | 25. Reading for Pleasure | 2.5 | 3.4 (88%) | | |
| | Peers: Works cooperatively with and likes one's own peers | 15. Pos. Peer Influence | 3.0 | 3.4 (68%) | | |
| | Culturally different peers: Interested in and values diversity | 34. Cultural Competence | 3.2 | 4.3 (85%) | | |
| Q. | | | | | | |
| | | - APACT | | A. The | | |





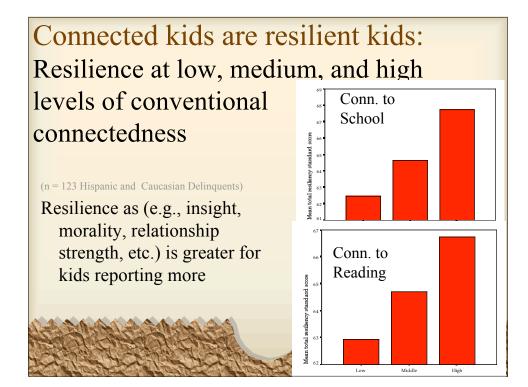




Importance of conventionality

Conventional connectedness predicts social competence, achievement, and involvement in extracurricular & volunteer organizations Kids high in unconventional connectedness but low in conventional connectedness are more likely to engage in delinquent acts.



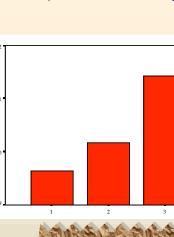


Hard drug use (red bars) across 3 Levels of Connectedness to Friends (low, med, high)

.71

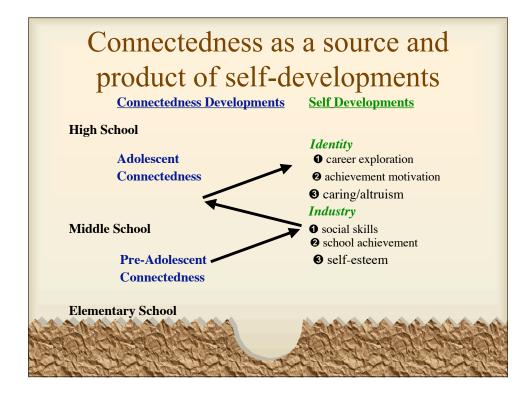
(n = 123 Hispanic and Caucasian Delinquents)

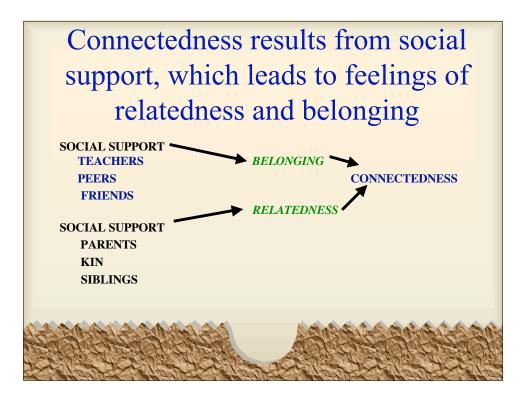
• The stronger the connectedness to friends (among <u>delinquent youth</u>) the greater the use of hard drugs in the past 30 days.



Why counselors should be concerned about creating a culture of connectedness at school

- Show how connectedness and self-developments (e.g, Erikson's identity) are complimentary and are necessary for academic and later life success
- Discuss links between attachment, social support, belonging, and connectedness in adolescence





Belonging Leads to Connectedness

| | Teacher Support | Positive Peer Interactions |
|----------|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| Teachers | Very High | High |
| Peers | Very High | Very High |
| School | Very High | High |

Correlation: 0.00-0.19 = Low, 0.20-0.34 = Med, 0.35 = High, >.50 = Very High

| Teacher activities and connectedness: Immediate and interpersonal vs. ideal and abstract | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------|--|--|
| | | | | | | |
| Teachers | High | Med | Med | Low | | |
| Peers | Med | Low | Med | Low | | |
| School | Med | High | Med | Low | | |
| Correlation: 0 | 0.00-0.19 = Low, (| 0.20-0.34 = Med, | 0.35 = High, >.50 |) = Very High | | |

The *Hemingway* measure, its application, scoring and use

- Two adolescent scales: 75 item 13 scale version; and a 55 item version without culture, religion, romantic partner, and each specific parent.
- A child/pre-adolescent scale: 10 scales, 40 item
- Administration time: 20 min. for 75 items; 15 min to 20 min. (at 3rd grade reading level) for 55 items
- Scored manually by taking average of items in each subscale (soon we will have an excel file to do this) or a school could use scantron forms and scanner.

USES IN SCHOOLS

- Measure school climate (grade wide surveys assess impact of school changes)
- Use it to identify youth at risk for underachievement, substance use, violence
- Estimate areas of connectedness to address
- Use as a measure of the impact of school counseling groups or activities

9

Contact Information

• For new versions of the manual; for papers on the use or validity of the *Hemingway;* for versions in Spanish, Chinese, or French; for assistance in using the measure in counseling or program evaluation, contact:

Michael J. Karcher, UTSA, 210-458-2671, <u>mkarcher@utsa.edu</u> or michaelkarcher@mac.com

